

# Combining Feature Kernels for Semantic Music Retrieval

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## Semantic Music Retrieval

Given a tag, we want relevant songs.

Train a Support Vector Machine (SVM) for each tag, by building **kernels** from features that describe the songs.

The distance of a new song from a tag's SVM boundary determines if that song is relevant to the tag.

We use **four different feature types** to describe CAL-500<sup>[1]</sup> songs and retrieve using 61 tags.

## Content Features

**Chroma ~ harmonic content**  
12-D representation of chromatic energy  
Chroma ROC = 0.6

**MFCC ~ spectral / timbral content**  
39-D summary of the signal's spectrum  
MFCC ROC = 0.71

## Context Features

**last.fm ~ social tag context**  
User-generated tags of songs and artists  
last.fm ROC = 0.68

**Web Docs ~ online music context**  
Relevance Scoring<sup>[2]</sup> of music web pages  
Web Docs ROC = 0.67

## Best Single Feature

3 of the 4 features are most predictive of certain tags.

**Chroma** 0  
**MFCC** 37  
**last.fm** 16  
**Web Docs** 8

**Best Single Feature ROC = 0.73\***

\* this is, of course, cheating as it is not possible to know in advance which feature will be best at predicting a given tag. Researchers with access to such an oracle are encouraged to contact the Computer Audition Laboratory with predictions about Apple's share price

## Optimum Feature Combination

The best solution would be to combine the information represented by each feature.

We achieve this by learning the optimum weighted combination of feature kernels:

$$\mathbf{K}_{opt} = \sum_{i=1}^m \mu_i \mathbf{K}_i$$

Lanckriet et al.<sup>[3]</sup> propose a convex solution to this problem that learns both this optimal weighted kernel and the resulting SVM.

By combining the information from all kernels, we can achieve performance that is greater than even the best individual kernel.

**Combined Kernel ROC = 0.74**

[1] D. Turnbull, L. Barrington, D. Torres, and G. Lanckriet. *Semantic annotation and retrieval of music and sound effects*. IEEE TASLP, 16(2):467-476, February 2008.

[2] P. Knees, T. Pohle, M. Schedl, D. Schnitzer, and K. Seyerlehner. *A Document-centered Approach to a Natural Language Music Search Engine*. European Conference on Information Retrieval, 2008.

[3] G. Lanckriet, N. Cristianini, P. Bartlett, L. El Ghaoui, and M.I. Jordan. *Learning the kernel matrix with semi-definite programming*. Journal of Machine Learning Research, 5:27-72, 2004.



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Data, papers, and additional information can be found at:  
<http://cosmal.ucsd.edu/cal/>